

An equation in Slope-Intercept form is...

$$y = mx + b$$

The b stands for the **y-intercept** which is the **beginning** point of the line and should be **written as an ordered pair**.

The m stands for the **slope** of the line which is the **movement** between any two points on a line and should be **written as a ratio** or fraction.

## Graph using Slope-Intercept.

1)  $y = -5 + \frac{2}{3}x$

2)  $y = 4x$

3)  $y = -2x + 3$

4)  $y = 4 - x$

5)  $y = -\frac{2}{3}x$

6)  $y = -3x - 7$

## Graph using Slope-Intercept.

7)  $y = \frac{3}{2}x - 2$

8)  $y = 2x - 8$

9)  $y = -\frac{1}{4}x + 6$

10)  $y = 10 - \frac{4}{3}x$

11)  $y = -\frac{1}{2}x - 1$

12)  $y = 2 + x$